gDNA Preparation from Plant Material using sorvall centrifuge

IMPORTANT NOTE: MAX SPEED OF MTM 6.4 ROTOR IS 4000 RPM!!!!

- Picked one leaf from each plant (approximately 1 inch long or two smaller leaves). Put leaf into an appropriately labeled 1.2 mL microdilution stip-tube (USA Scientific; Cat # 1212-8000)
- 2. Grind plant tissue well with a stick into a powder, keep frozen placing tubes on liquid nitrogen.
- 3. Remove tubes from liquid nitrogen to warm up before adding extraction buffer.
- 4. Add 400 uL extraction buffer.
- 5. Stir the sample with the stick.
- 6. Vortex each tube really well for 30 seconds.
- 7. Spin tubes at max speed (4000 rpm, 21°C) for 25 minutes.
- 8. Transfer supernatant (~200 uL) to a new tube using a pipet. **Pipet slowly** and avoid the leaf debris.
- 9. Add an equal amount (180 uL) of isopropanol and vortex well (10 seconds).
- 10. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.
- 11. Spin tubes at max speed for 30 minutes.
- 12. Carefully remove supernatant with a pipette (do not pour off).
- 13. Wash pellet with 1 mL 80% ethanol. Vortex each sample for ~15 seconds. Note: possible stopping point. Pellet with ethanol may be stored in -20°C
- 14. Spin tubes for 10 minutes at max speed and pour off EtOH.
- 15. Spin again 2 minutes and carefully remove all traces of ethanol with a pipette.
- 16. Stick the tubes in the hood, either uncovered or with a kimwipe "tent" They dry much quicker (~30min)
- 17. Add 100uL of H2O and resuspend pellet by pipet and vortexing (disrupt the pellet as much as possible).
- 18. Spin at max speed for 10 minutes; transfer supernatant (this is the gDNA) to new 1.7mL tube
- 19. Store gDNA at -20 C.

Extraction Buffer Recipe:

| REAGENT | [STOCK] | <u>per/500 mL</u> | per/100 mL |
|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 200 mM Tris, pH 7.5 250 mM NaCl 25 mM EDTA 0.5 % SDS Water | 1.0 M 5.0 M 0.5 M 10% | 100 mL 25 mL 25 mL 25 mL 325 mL | 20 mL 5 mL 5 mL 5 mL 65 mL |